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Announcements

NOTE: Copies of all Orders referred to in the "Board of Trade Journal" can be purchased from H.M. Stationery Office, or through any bookseller.

IMPORT LICENSING

TIN METAL AND ALLOYS OF TIN

NOTICE TO IMPORTERS No. 100

In future licences to import tin metal and alloys containing more than 50 per cent. of tin will be issued on the advice of the Non-ferrous Metals Control.

Accordingly applications for licences should be completed in duplicate (in accordance with the instructions given in "Notices to Importers" Nos. 57 and 70; see the "Board of Trade Journal" of 18 April 1940 (page 402) and 30 May 1940 (page 520), respectively) and addressed to the Non-ferrous Metals Control, Ministry of Supply, Grand Hotel, 46, Albert Street, Rugby, notwithstanding the direction at the top of the form that it should be sent to the Import Licensing Department.

Forms of application may be obtained from the Import Licensing Department or the Office of any Collector of H.M. Customs and Excise. Copies of "Notices to Importers" Nos. 57 and 70 may be obtained at the Import Licensing Department.

Importers are reminded that there is an Open General Licence for the import of tin in blocks, slabs, ingots and bars from the British Empire (except Palestine, Hong Kong and Transjordan).

SILK CONTROL

NEED TO CONSERVE STOCKS

In view of the necessity of conserving stocks of raw silk, the Minister of Supply, by the Control of Silk (No. 5) Order, 1940 (S.R. & O., 1940, No. 1824), has extended the prohibition, save under licence, of dealings in and the use of certain kinds of raw silk to all kinds of raw silk situate in the United Kingdom.

A Direction has, however, also been issued (with the Order) enabling the raw silk now brought under control to be used for Government and export orders without individual licences until 26 October, after which date individual licences for the use of such silk must be obtained. It will not be possible to allow the use of raw silk for non-essential home civil purposes, but the prohibition does not extend to existing stocks of yarn.

Further, in order to ensure that existing stocks of silk goods are used as far as possible to maintain the export trade, the Board of Trade have, by the Limitation of Supplies (Woven Textiles) (No. 2) Order, 1940 (S.R. & O., 1940, No. 1829, price 1d.), applied the provisions of the Limitation of Supplies (Woven Textiles) Order, 1940 (see the "Board of Trade Journal" of 3 October, 1940, page 203), to woven silk piece-goods and made-up goods. Manufacturers of silk piece-goods and merchants of silk piece-goods and made-up goods are required to apply to the Board of Trade for registration before 30 October 1940. The restricted quantities of controlled silk goods which registered persons may supply during the period 16 October 1940 to 31 March 1941 are 25 per cent. of the "silk piece-goods" and 25 per cent. of the "silk made-up goods" supplied in the period from 1 October 1939 to 31 March 1940.

Enquiries should be addressed to the Silk Control, Ministry of Supply, Union Street Mill, Macclesfield, and to the Industrial Supplies (Registers) Department, Board of Trade, 66 Whitcomb Street, London, W.C.2.

CONTROL OF BRICK PRICES

The Board of Trade have made the Prices of Goods (Price-Regulated Goods) (No. 2) Order, 1940 (S.R. & O., 1940, No. 1806, price 1d.), applying the Prices of Goods Act to all kinds of building bricks.

The effect of this Order is that the prices of bricks may not be raised above the prices charged on 21 August 1939 by more than is reasonably justified in view of the increase in the costs of making and distributing them. The Order applies to all sales of bricks whether by manufacturers, merchants, builders or other persons. Any person who has reason to suppose that he has been over-charged for bricks after to-day, should report the matter to the Local Price Regulation Committee for his district.

REPLACEMENT OF STOCKS LOST THROUGH ENEMY ACTION

POWERS FOR LOCAL AUTHORITIES

Temporary shortages of certain types of goods in reception areas resulting from evacuation or from losses through bombardment will be met by means of an Open Licence issued by the Board of Trade.

The effect is to permit any local authority to buy without restriction a large range of goods controlled by the Limitation of Supplies Order. These goods include gloves, knitwear and hosiery of all kinds, floor coverings, pottery and glass, and wicker furniture. Thus local authorities will be able to obtain from registered suppliers the goods necessary for equipping Rest Centres or billets as well as for replacing personal effects destroyed in air raids. The Open Licence also permits the unrestricted supply to local authorities of glass replacement fabric made from lace.

An Open Licence had already given power to local authorities to acquire mattresses without restriction, while supplies of infants' clothing to all persons were released from control as from 1 October by the new Woven Textiles Order.

All woven cotton and rayon fabrics supplied to local authorities were exempted from control by the Woven Textiles Order on 1 October.

SUPPLIES FOR UNREGISTERED PERSONS

The provisions of the General Licence issued under the Piece-Goods and Made-Up Goods (Cotton, Rayon and Linen) Order, 1940, by which unregistered persons whose stocks were damaged by enemy action could be supplied with additional quantities of controlled goods in respect of their losses, have been continued by the issue of a similar licence under the Limitation of Supplies (Woven Textiles) Order, 1940. This licence authorises any person registered under the Order to supply additional quantities of controlled goods (other than linen goods) to any unregistered person who serves on him a declaration in the form set out in the schedule to the licence.

It should be noted that declarations served by virtue of the licence dated 26 September 1940, made under the Piece-Goods and Made-Up Goods (Cotton, Rayon and Linen) Order, 1940, relate only to goods supplied before 1 October 1940. It is necessary to serve a declaration under the new licence in respect of any goods to be supplied after that date in replacement of goods which have suffered war damage. This is necessary because the definition of controlled goods in the Limitation of Supplies (Woven Textiles) Order, 1940, differs from that contained in the Piece-Goods and Made-Up Goods (Cotton, Rayon and Linen) Order, 1940.

The licence and direction, and the form of the declaration which has to be served in duplicate, has been published as S.R. & O., 1940, No. 1823, which is prefaced with an explanatory memorandum.

Board of Trade,
16 October 1940.

Announcements—*Continued*

DEBTS DUE TO PERSONS IN NORWAY

RETURNS MUST BE MADE IN 14 DAYS

By agreement with the Royal Norwegian Government and the Bank of Norway His Majesty's Government require returns to be made within 14 days from 16 October of any moneys payable to or for the benefit of any person or concern in Norway. Persons who do not comply with this requirement will be liable to heavy penalties.

The foregoing does not apply to debts in connection with the employment of Norwegian merchant ships, to bank balances or bank deposits, or capital investments, such as securities, shares, etc.

The returns, the envelopes of which should be marked "Norwegian debts," are to be sent in duplicate to one of the following:—

For England:
Sir Ernest Fass, K.C.M.G., C.B., C.B.E. (Address: Office of the Public Trustee, Sardinia Street, Kingsway, London, W.C.2).

For Scotland:
Mr. Ernest Edward Parker, M.B.E. (Address: New Register House, Edinburgh, 2).

For Ireland:
Major Frederick George Hill, O.B.E. (Address: Supreme Court of Judicature, Royal Courts of Justice, Ulster, Belfast).

Persons who have already made returns to any of the above officers or to the Bank of Norway should so inform the appropriate officer in writing.

TRADING WITH THE ENEMY

THE LIST OF SPECIFIED PERSONS

The following announcement is made with the object of clarifying certain questions concerning the impact on British and neutral trade of the List of Specified Persons.

The List of Specified Persons is a published list of concerns and individuals in neutral countries with whom any commercial, financial or other intercourse or dealing without official permission constitutes an offence of trading with the enemy.

The List is at present contained in the Schedule to the Trading with the Enemy (Specified Persons) (Amendment) (No. 9) Order, dated 3 August [S.R. & O., 1940, *No. 1368*]—which revoked all previous Orders—as amended by two Amendment Orders, Nos. 10 and 11, dated, respectively, 14 August [S.R. & O., 1940, *No. 1468*] and 23 September [S.R. & O., 1940, *No. 1646*]. More than 2,000 persons are thus specified as enemies. Of these some 850 carry on business in Europe, and about 800 in Central and South America. Additions to the list will be made at approximately monthly intervals.

The List of Specified Persons is an essential part of the machinery for preventing Germany and Italy from obtaining economic or financial advantage from British and neutral countries. The List accordingly consists, in the main, of concerns which are controlled directly or indirectly from enemy territory (this term including enemy-occupied territory and certain other territories specified in Board of Trade Orders), and of concerns or individuals who have persistently evaded, or attempted to evade, our contraband or enemy export controls. Persons controlled from enemy territory are enemies within the meaning of the Trading with the Enemy Act, whether or not they appear in the List of Specified Persons.

In order to avoid unnecessary damage to neutral or British interests, the Board of Trade, before making any addition to the List of Specified Persons, normally consult, so far as known, the United Kingdom interests that may be concerned. The Board are always willing to consider representations from traders and other interested parties with a view to making deletions from the List of Specified Persons. Moreover, the Trading with the Enemy Branch, Imperial House, Kingsway, London, W.C.2, are always ready to consider applications for permission to complete unfinished transactions (and in exceptional cases to have other dealings) with persons placed on the List of Specified Persons. The Trading with the Enemy Branch are also prepared to advise, in cases where doubt is felt as to the legality or desirability, from the point of view of trading with the enemy, of dealings with persons not on the List of Specified Persons.

Enemy subjects who are not in enemy territory are not necessarily enemies within the meaning of the Trading with the Enemy Act, and it is not intended to specify persons in neutral countries as enemies merely because they are enemy subjects. Many Italian and German subjects carry on business in neutral countries without assisting Italy and Germany, and in some cases are of assistance in the promotion of British trade.

Nevertheless, enemy subjects, wherever they may be carrying on business, should be regarded with suspicion, and British traders who employ enemy subjects as agents in neutral countries would be well advised to consider displacing them either by British agents or by nationals of the country concerned. Traders who find difficulty in obtaining satisfactory alternative agents should consult the Department of Overseas Trade, Great George Street, London, S.W.1, or the Commercial Counsellors or Secretaries to His Majesty's Missions abroad.

ADVICE TO SHIPPERS

NEUTRAL VESSELS AGAINST WHICH DISCRIMINATION IS BEING EXERCISED BY THE MINISTRY OF ECONOMIC WARFARE

(*a*) SHIPOWNERS ON THE STATUTORY LIST

Shippers, banks and other financial and commercial concerns are hereby notified that the following vessels belong to owners who are included in the Statutory List, and that it is an offence against the Trading with the Enemy Act for any shipper to make use of such vessels. Shipments by such vessels in addition to being liable to seizure render the shippers or those connected with the consignment liable to prosecution.

Vessel	Flag	Tons	Owners	Date on which included in Statutory List
Carola ... ... (ex Szent Gellert	Panamanian Hungarian)	3,842	Magyar Hajozasi	23 August 1940
Sakarya ...	Turkish	2,612	Sadikoglu Aslan, Kaptan.	8 August 1940
Galatsaray ...	Turkish	742	Sadikoglu Aslan, Kaptan.	8 August 1940
Caranza ...	Spanish	524	J. Trujillo ...	29 August 1940
Jose Trujillo ...	Spanish	338	J. Trujillo ...	29 August 1940

(*b*) SHIPS DISCRIMINATION LIST

Shippers, banks and other financial and commercial concerns are warned that shipments by the following vessels may lead to difficulties.

Vessel	Flag	Tons	Owners	Date from which Ship appeared on this List
Vicko Feric ...	Yugoslav	4,140	Marin Feric ...	15 August 1940
Svett Duje ...	Yugoslav	3,624	Marin Feric ...	15 August 1940
Galeb	Yugoslav	440	Marin Feric ...	15 August 1940

MINISTRY OF FOOD ORDERS

In continuation of the list given in the "Board of Trade Journal" of 10 October (page 224), the following Orders made by the Ministry of Food, under the Defence Regulations, have been published as S.R. & O., 1940:—

No. 1769, Order, dated 2 October 1940, amending the Imported Eggs (Maximum Prices) Order (1d.).

No. 1775, Order, dated 2 October 1940, amending the Home Produced Eggs (Maximum Prices) (No. 3) Order, 1940 (1d.).

No. 1788, The Condensed Milk (Licensing and Control) Order, dated 4 October 1940 (1d.).

No. 1811, General Licence, dated 9 October 1940, made by the Minister of Food under the Livestock (Sales) Order, 1940, and the Livestock (Restriction of Slaughtering) Order, 1940 (1d.).

Trade and Industry

UNITED KINGDOM

EXPORT GROUPS

In continuation of the lists of Export Groups published in the "Board of Trade Journal" of 5 September and 3 October the formation of the following groups is notified :—

Industry	Chairman	Secretary	Address
Antiquarian Books Export Group ...	Mr. L. K. Robinson ...	Mrs. A. Brown	c/o Antiquarian Booksellers' Association, 39, Great Russell Street, London, W.C.1.
*Foods and Chemicals Processing Machinery Export Group.	Dr. R. Seligman	Mr. Norman Neville ...	57, Victoria Street, London, S.W.1.
Shoe Grindery, Small Nail and Tack Export Group.	Mr. F. T. Duncan Hall ...	Mr. C. R. White	Sun Building, Bennetts Hill, Birmingham, 2.

* This Group includes as sub-groups the following, formerly published separately :—

The Bakery and Biscuit Plant Export Group.
The Brewing and Mineral Water Machinery Export Group.
The Chemical Plant Export Group.
The Chocolate and Sugar Confectionery Machinery Export Group.
The Paint, Ink and Allied Trades Machinery Manufacturers' Export Group.

The following changes are announced with regard to the list of groups published in the "Board of Trade Journal" of 5 September :—

Metal Accessories for Corsets, Braces and Garters, etc. Export Group.—Mr. T. Fleming Birch, F.C.A., is now Secretary of this Group and the address is Messrs. A. C. Palmer and Company, Court Chambers, Friar Lane, Leicester.

Ferrous and Non-Ferrous Valve Export Group, Sewage Disposal Machinery Export Group and Refrigerating Machinery Export Group.—The offices of these Groups have been evacuated to 130, High Street, Newport Pagnell, Bucks.

CORN PRICES

The following statement shows the average prices of British corn per cwt. of 112 Imperial* pounds as received from the Inspectors of Corn Returns in the week ended 12 October 1940, pursuant to the Corn Returns Act, 1882, and the Corn Sales Act, 1921 :—

Period	Average Price per Cwt.		
	Wheat	Barley	Oats
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Week ended 12 Oct. 1940...	14 8	20 3	14 2

* Section 8 of the Corn Returns Act, 1882, as amended by Section 2 of the Corn Sales Act, 1921, provides that in the weekly summary of quantities and prices each sort of British corn shall be computed with reference to the hundredweight of one hundred and twelve Imperial standard pounds.

AUSTRALIA

TRADE BALANCE IN AUGUST

The Australian oversea trade returns for August, forwarded by the Official Secretary in London to the Commonwealth, are set out hereunder. The figures are shown in both British and Australian currency, the adjustments of value having been calculated at the appropriate rates of exchange :—

Movement	British Currency Value	Australian Currency Value
	£	£
Imports of merchandise	8,751,000	10,961,000
Exports of merchandise	8,533,000	10,688,000
Surplus of imports—excluding gold and silver bullion and specie	218,000	273,000

BRITISH INDIA

WEATHER AND CROPS

The Department of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics reports as follows on the weather and crops in India for the weeks ended on the dates stated :—

Rainfall and Monsoon

Calcutta, 5 October.—The weather has been mainly dry. The monsoon has withdrawn from most of the country.

Crop Conditions and Outlook

Madras, 28 September.—Rainfall has been moderate to fair. The condition of the crops is unchanged and standing crops are fair.

Central Provinces, 28 September.—The weather has been clear. Paddy needs rain, a condition which is causing anxiety.

United Provinces, 28 September.—Light rain has fallen and more is needed. Cotton picking has commenced.

Bihar, 30 September.—Light to moderate rain has fallen. Sugarcane is in fair to good condition.

Orissa, 30 September.—Rainfall has been light to moderate. Paddy, sugarcane, til and groundnut are thriving.

Punjab, 30 September.—Rain has fallen practically everywhere. More is needed in the south-east. Standing crops are in average to good condition in irrigated areas and average in unirrigated. Damage has been caused by hailstorms in a number of districts.

Bengal, 2 October.—Light to moderate rain has fallen. The condition of the standing crops is unfavourable.

Bombay, 5 October.—There has been practically no rain and more is needed in Gujrat and the south-east, where moisture is urgently needed. Harvesting of early crops is progressing.

Sind, 5 October.—Light rain has fallen in Nasirabad. Cotton picking continues, and paddy, juar and bajri are being harvested.—*Trade Commissioner for India in London.*

BRITISH MALAYA

FOREIGN TRADE IN JULY

The Malayan Information Office in London has forwarded particulars relative to the trade of British Malaya in July 1940, 1939 and 1938, as follows.

Trade and Industry—*Continued*

IMPORTS

Group	1940	1939	1938
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Animals, food, drink and tobacco	1,804	1,486	1,448
Raw materials and articles mainly unmanufactured	3,835	2,279	1,619
Articles wholly or mainly manufactured	2,613	2,487	2,043
Total	8,252	6,252	5,110

EXPORTS

Group	1940	1939	1938
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Animals, food, drink and tobacco	629	595	553
Raw materials and articles mainly unmanufactured	7,002	4,006	3,026
Articles wholly or mainly manufactured	3,164	2,261	1,799
Total	10,795	6,862	5,378

RUBBER SHIPMENTS, 1939—40

The following statement from the Registrar-General of Statistics for the Straits Settlements and the Federated Malay States shows the ocean shipments of rubber, including latex, concentrated latex and revertex, being final shipment on ocean steamers at all Malayan ports during July and preceding months of this and last year:—

Month	Monthly, 1940	Cumulative Total		1940 and 1939 compared + or —
		1940	1939	
	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons
January ...	56,214	56,214	43,332	+ 12,882
February ...	62,105	118,319	86,416	+ 31,903
March ...	65,269	183,588	129,675	+ 53,913
April	46,583	230,171	173,333	+ 56,838
May	74,682	304,853	215,547	+ 89,306
June	60,814	365,667	247,088	+ 118,579
July	70,360	436,027	293,050	+ 142,977
August ...			346,547	
September ...			391,641	
October ...			462,480	
November ...			511,756	
December ...			553,324	

RUBBER EXPORTS UNDER REGULATION SCHEME IN SEPTEMBER

The quantity of dry rubber exported under the Regulation Scheme from the Malayan area during September was 49,963 tons, states an official cable. This should not be confused either with total production or ocean shipments.—*Malayan Information Agency in London.*

TIN OUTPUT IN SEPTEMBER

According to an official cable the local output of tin and tin in ore at 75·5 per cent. in September was as follows:—

Federated States, 8,680 tons; Unfederated States, 361 tons; and Straits Settlements, 15 tons; making a total of 9,056 tons.—*Malayan Information Agency in London.*

CANADA

EXPORT TRADE, JANUARY—AUGUST

According to statistics recently issued by the External Trade Branch, Dominion Bureau of Statistics, Ottawa, domestic exports during August and the first eight months of 1940 and 1939 were chiefly distributed as follows.

Trade and Industry—*Continued*

Country	August		January	
	1940	1939	1940	1939
	Thou. dols.		Thou. dols.	
All countries ... total	110,548	75,560	759,469	554,847
Empire countries ... total	63,403	39,115	427,738	282,674
British South Africa ...	5,487	1,521	24,396	11,741
British India (with Burma)	822	218	5,251	3,231
Straits Settlements ...	380	187	2,944	1,768
British Guiana	227	93	1,392	801
British West Indies ...	1,748	885	9,724	6,899
Hong Kong	112	76	1,470	1,036
Newfoundland	1,090	694	6,539	4,376
Australia	3,682	3,653	24,898	22,722
New Zealand	1,143	761	6,107	9,639
Eire	1,080	272	4,385	2,408
United Kingdom ...	46,790	30,370	336,398	214,536
United States	42,572	26,902	276,123	198,973
Argentina	341	426	3,742	1,750
Brazil	496	181	3,308	1,960
Chile	89	86	1,016	586
China	400	89	2,084	2,256
Colombia	108	115	1,025	1,122
Cuba	123	67	1,040	790
Japan	772	2,014	8,440	18,360
Mexico	202	174	2,409	1,857
Netherlands East Indies	145	153	1,032	703
Peru	73	74	1,057	679
Portuguese Africa ...	83	315	1,589	1,012
Sweden	65	320	587	3,224
Philippines	307	67	1,104	740
Venezuela	115	130	1,109	966
Foreign countries ... total	47,145	36,445	331,731	272,173

Customs Regulations and Tariff Changes

BRITISH EMPIRE

AUSTRALIA

IMPORT LICENSING REGULATIONS

With reference to the Notice in the "Board of Trade Journal" of 22 August 1940 (page 125), the High Commissioner for Australia has received telegraphic advice from the Commonwealth Government that, under the Customs (Import Licensing) Regulations, importations of the following goods from non-sterling countries will—from October 1 1940—be reduced to the extent stated.

The restrictions do not apply to any British Empire country except Canada, Newfoundland and Hong Kong.

Tariff Item	Goods
	Total restriction
ex 6 (A)	Wood naphtha.
13	Still wine.
44 (A)	Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw; cocoa shells, raw.
51 (B)	Fish, fresh, smoked or dried (but not salted) or preserved by cold process.
104 (A)	Paraffin wax.
105 (E) (2)	Piece-goods, viz.: Lace for attire; lace flouncings; millinery and dress nets; veilings; embroideries in the piece; tucked linens or cottons.
108 (B)	Feathers, dressed, including feathers made up into trimmings; also natural birds and wings.
120 (B)	Handkerchiefs, cotton or linen or cotton and linen; cotton or linen serviettes.
148 (B)	Leaf and foil of any shape with or without printed or embossed lettering, n.e.i. (Gold leaf—Item 148(A)—is already totally restricted.)
ex 169 (A) (2)	Portable typewriters, excluding replacement parts.
171 (C)	Mowers, excluding replacement parts. (*Lawn* Mowers—Item 168(B)—are already totally restricted.)
173 (A)	Weighing machines, n.e.i.; weighbridges; scales and balances, n.e.i. ..... weights, n.e.i.; combined bagging, weighing and sewing machines.
ex 179 (B) (7)	Moulded household switches (electrical).
ex 232 (B)	Synthetic resins, excluding amine and pure phenolic and poly-vinyl-chloride.
242 (F)	Glass, bent, bevelled, heraldic, sand-blasted, enamelled, embossed, etched, silvered, brilliant cut; corners cut, bevelled, or engraved; prisms; and all glass framed with metal, n.e.i.
ex 243 (A)	Laminated safety glass.
303 (A)	Manufactures of wood, n.e.i. (excluding replacement parts for agricultural machinery and implements).
310 (B)	Toys.
334 (X)	Cigarette tubes, paper and papers.
346 (A) (2)	Pen handles of wood, including metal attachments for nibs.

Customs Regulations and Tariff Changes—*Continued*

AUSTRALIA—*Continued*

Tariff Item	Goods
	Total restriction (continued)
346 (B)	Penholders, other than of wood, not being partly or wholly of gold or silver.
346 (C)	Fountain pens; pencils, n.e.i., and pens, n.e.i., without holders or not including holders.
346 (D)	Pencils; pen handles of wood; ..... penholders other than of wood; ..... fountain pens; pencils, n.e.i., and pens, n.e.i., ... when in fancy boxes.
346 (E)	Pen and pencil cases and boxes for school use.
346 (F)	Fancy pencils, pencil cases partly or wholly of gold, silver, aluminium or nickel; pen and pencil sets and penholders, n.e.i.
ex 359 (D) (4) (b)	High-tension ignition coils.
362	Military band and orchestral musical instruments (as specified in the item).
375 (C)	Spray guns, including hand-operated spray pumps for use in the application of powders or of paints, enamels, lacquers, varnishes and similar liquids.
381 (C)	Brushes of the type ordinarily used for brush work in schools; artists' brushes (including writers' and liners'), except of hog hair; hand pieces for artists' air brushes.
ex 382	Cameras, other than commercial.
ex 384 (A) (1)	X-ray film, other than dental.
393 (A)	Crochet, knitting, mercerised, and embroidery cottons, put up for household purposes.
393 (B)	Sewing and embroidery silks and artificial silks; sewing and embroidery silk twists; sewing and embroidery artificial silk twists.
ex 419 (E) (3)	Diagnostic X-ray units and certain parts therefor.
ex 434	Paraffin wax.
443	Synthetic fibres in short lengths (sometimes known as "staple fibre") produced from substances having a cellulose or casein base, suitable for spinning purposes, including such fibres in the form of sliver or tops.
	75 per cent. restriction
ex 51 (C) (4)	Canned fish except oysters. (This sub-item does not cover salmon, crustaceans or sardines. These fall under sub-item 51(C) (1), (2) and (3) respectively, and are subject to 25 per cent. restriction in the case of salmon and crustaceans and 50 per cent. in the case of sardines.)
106 (E)	Buckles, clasps and slides for hats, shoes and other attire.
106 (F) (1), (2), (3) and (5)	Buttons—except trochus, pearl or other animal shell and imitations of trochus or pearl shell. (Trochus, pearl and animal shell buttons are classified under Item 106(F)(4)—now subject to 50 per cent. restriction.)
ex 120 (C) (1), (b) (1) and (2)	Towels, n.e.i.; towelling, n.e.i.; terry robing in the piece, etc. (Paper towels are totally restricted.)
120 (C) (1) (c)	Bath mats, cotton, or containing mixture of fibres in which cotton predominates.
ex 180(L) (2)	Condensers, n.e.i., for motor vehicles.
ex 181 (A) (2)	Wireless receiving valves.
309 (B), (C) and (D)	Various fancy goods, as specified in the sub-Items mentioned.
340 (A) (1)	Stationery manufactured principally from paper or board, not including goods enumerated in Item 338(A) and 340(A)(2).
ex 340 (C)	Manufactures of paper, n.e.i. (Paper serviettes, doyleys, table centres, cups, saucers, plates, boxes, containers, toilet papers, streamers, lamp shades and parasols, classifiable under Item 340(C) are already totally restricted.)
366 (A)	Musical instruments, n.e.i.; musical boxes; metronomes and the like. (The 75 per cent. restriction also applies to certain electrical and ignition parts for replacement purposes in motor vehicles classifiable under Items 179(B)(7), 179 (C) and 182, full details of which have not yet been received.)
	50 per cent. restriction
51 (C) (3)	Fish, preserved in tins or other airtight vessels, viz.: sardines.
105 (D) (2)	Piece-goods, silk or containing silk or having silk worked thereon.
106 (A)	Cotton featherstitch braids; piping; tinsel cloth; tinsel belting; tinsel thread.
106 (F) (4)	Buttons of trochus, pearl or other animal shell and imitations of trochus or pearl shell.
124	Braids, fringes or edgings of textile materials not being for attire.
168 (B) (2)	Sewing machine heads (household type).
179 (A) (5)	Electric heating and cooking appliances, n.e.i.
180 (F)	Electrical and gas appliances, n.e.i., not included under Item 192.
192	Brasswork, bronzework and gunmetal work for general engineering and plumbing and other trades.
204 (B) (1)	Aluminiumware, n.e.i.
ex 206 (C)	Oil or spirit heating lamps other than kerosene room heaters. (Kerosene room heaters are totally restricted.)
208 (A)	Manufactures of metal, n.e.i.
223	Bronzing and metal powders.
ex 228 (A) (1)	Cloth oil.
ex 232 (E) (1)	Poly-vinyl-chloride.
237	Porcelainware for electrical purposes.
241 (B)	Chinaware, parianware and porcelainware, n.e.i.; earthenware, brownware and stoneware, n.e.i.
250 (G)	Vacuum flasks, jugs, cans and similar vacuum containers and parts thereof.
255 (B) (1)	Cements and prepared adhesives, n.e.i.
319 (B) (2)	Dictating machines and blank record cylinders—except replacement parts.
320 (C) (2) (a)	Exposed or developed films suitable for use only with home kinematographs.
334 (K) (1)	Surface coated paper, n.e.i.
334 (K) (2)	Marble paper; foil paper.
334 (P)	Paper and board specially prepared for coating with photographic emulsions as prescribed by Departmental Bylaws.
374 (D) (1)	Asbestos packings.
374 (D) (3)	Packings, other.
ex 381 (D) (4)	Brushes, n.e.i. (Shaving brushes, classified under Item 381(D)(4), are already totally restricted.)

Customs Regulations and Tariff Changes—*Continued*

Tariff Item	Goods
	50 per cent. restriction (continued
384 (A) (1) to (4)	Photographic and X-ray plates, films, sensitised papers, cards and other sensitised materials, lantern slides, etc. (X-ray film, other than dental," is subject to total restriction.)
390 (A) (2)	Imitation gut.
ex 434	Cloth oil.
ex 434	Buttons for men's apparel.
Unspecified	Crude asbestos. Erinoid, galalith, artificial horn and the like.
	25 per cent. restriction
44 (C) (1)	Cocoa butter for the manufacture of chocolate.
ex 90	Artificial sausage casings.
105 (K)	Piece-goods of a class or kind not produced in Australia, ... for the manufacture of neckties.
114 (G)	Hoods other than of felt; hat forms of braid or similar material sewn with a visible stitch but not blocked or further processed.
219 (B)	Hand tools wholly or principally of metal, n.e.i.
219 (P)	Files.
ex 228 (A) (1)	Turpentine.

NOTE.—The foregoing information having been received by telegraph is subject to correction on receipt of the official text. For the sake of brevity some of the Tariff items quoted have been abridged or summarised.

BRITISH INDIA

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS

With reference to the Notice under the above heading in the "Board of Trade Journal" of 6 June 1940 (pages 553-4), the "Indian Trade Journal" of 8 and 15 August 1940 contains Notifications No. 16-I.T.C./40 and No. 17-I.T.C./40 issued by the Department of Commerce on 3 and 10 August 1940, which provide for further Open General Licences as follows:—

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE No. IX

In pursuance of Commerce Department Notification No. 1-I.T.C./40, dated 20 May 1940, the Central Government gives general permission to all persons to import from the Netherlands East Indies, until further notice, any of the goods specified in the Schedule to that notification, provided such goods have been manufactured or produced in that country.

2. This licence is without prejudice to the application to any goods of any other prohibition or regulation affecting the import of goods that may be in force at the time when such goods are imported.

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE No. V

In pursuance of Commerce Department Notification No. 1-I.T.C./40, dated 20 May 1940, the Central Government gives general permission to all persons to import from Egypt and Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, until further notice, any of the goods specified in the Schedule to that notification and enumerated in the following list, provided such goods have been manufactured or produced in one or other of those territories.

No. in the Schedule	Name of Article
9	Tobacco, manufactured, not otherwise specified
10	Cigars
11	Cigarettes
26	Cotton, raw.

2. This licence is without prejudice to the application to any goods of any other prohibition or regulation affecting the import of goods that may be in force at the time when such goods are imported.

BRITISH NORTH BORNEO

IMPORT DUTY ON CEMENT

H.M. Trade Commissioner at Singapore has forwarded to the Board of Trade a copy of Notification No. 309, published in the Official Gazette of 1 August 1940, which provides, as from that date, for the deletion of the following item from the British North Borneo Customs Tariff:—

Article	General Tariff	British Preferential Tariff
Cement ... ... per 2,000 lbs.	$ 5	Free

The following item is added to the Free List Regulations (Imports):—

"Cement."

Customs Regulations and Tariff Changes—*Continued*

CANADA

BUDGET, 1940

With reference to the Notice in the "Board of Trade Journal" of 25 July 1940 (pages 66-69) respecting the amendments made in the Canadian Customs Tariff by the 1940 Budget, the Board of Trade have now received a copy of the Customs Tariff Amendment Act, 1940, confirming the amendments referred to, with the undermentioned modification.

The wording in *italics* represents an addition to the Customs Tariff.

Tariff Item No. and Article	New Duties			Former Duties		
	British Preferential Tariff	Intermediate Tariff	General Tariff	British Preferential Tariff	Intermediate Tariff	General Tariff
616 (i) Rubber, crude, caoutchouc or india-rubber, unmanufactured, *n.o.p.*	Free	5%	5%	Free	5%	5%
(ii) Powdered rubber and rubber or gutta percha waste or junk; recovered rubber and rubber substitute ...	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
(iii) Latex, being crude natural rubber in liquid form, not compounded beyond the addition of preservatives	Free	Free	Free	Free	5%	5%

VALUE OF COTTON FABRICS AND MANUFACTURES THEREOF FROM CHINA

The Board of Trade have received a copy of Appraisers' Bulletin No. 29, dated 7 September, issued by the Dominion Department of National Revenue, which states that importations of cotton fabrics and manufactures thereof from China are now subject to appraisal under *Section 41 of the Canadian Customs Act.

VALUE OF ARTIFICIAL SILK FABRICS AND MANUFACTURES FROM JAPAN

The Board of Trade have received a copy of Appraisers' Bulletin No. 30, dated 7 September, issued by the Dominion Department of National Revenue, which states that importations of Japanese artificial silk fabrics, exceeding 13½ inches in width, and manufactures thereof are now subject to appraisal under *Section 41 of the Canadian Customs Act on the grounds that such fabrics and manufactures are not sold for use or consumption in the country of export.

* NOTE :—

It is presumed that action will be taken under paragraph (e) of Section 41 of the Canadian Customs Act, which reads as follows :—

41.—Whenever goods are imported into Canada under such circumstances or conditions as render it difficult to determine the value thereof for duty because—

(e) such goods by reason of the fact that the circumstances of the trade render it necessary or desirable are sold under conditions or to a class of purchaser under which similar goods are not sold by the exporter for home consumption; or such goods are sold or imported in or under any other unusual or peculiar manner or condition, the Minister may determine the value for duty of such goods, and the value so determined shall, until otherwise provided, be the value upon which the duty on such goods shall be computed and levied.

CYPRUS

IMPORT OF ZINC AND OTHER SHEETS FOR PRINTING

Supplement No. 3 to the "Cyprus Gazette" of 11 June 1940 contains a copy of the Import Duty (Zinc and Other Sheets for Printing) Exemption Order, 1940, the text of which is reproduced below :—

1. This Order may be cited as the Import Duty (Zinc and Other Sheets for Printing) Exemption Order, 1940.

2. All zinc, copper and brass sheets which are proved to the satisfaction of the Comptroller of Customs and Inland Revenue to be of British Empire origin and to be imported into the Colony by or on behalf of any person possessing a printing press under the provisions of the Newspaper, Books and Printing Presses Laws, 1934 to 1936, for use by such person in printing or photo-engraving processes shall be admitted into the Colony free from all import duties: Provided that the person possessing the printing press shall sign a declaration in the Form in the Schedule hereto.

3. This Order shall be deemed to have come into operation on the 18th April 1940.

SCHEDULE

The Import Duty (Zinc and Other Sheets for Printing) Exemption Order, 1940

DECLARATION

I, the undersigned.....
of.....hereby declare as follows :—

1. I possess a printing press under permit dated..... granted under the Newspaper, Books and Printing Presses Laws, 1934 to 1936.

2. The following sheets of.....have been imported into the Colony $\frac{\text{by myself.}}{\text{on my behalf.}}$

3. The above sheets are imported solely for use by me in printing or photo-engraving processes and for no other purpose.

4. If I fail to observe the terms of this declaration I shall pay to the Comptroller the full import duty for the time being in force for any such sheets without prejudice to any other proceedings which may be taken against me.

5. I agree that the Comptroller or any person authorised by him in that behalf shall at all times have the power and right to enter any premises wherein any such sheets as aforesaid are stored or kept for the purpose of ensuring that the terms of this declaration are complied with.

IMPORT DUTY ON WHEAT

Supplement No. 3 to the "Cyprus Gazette" of 19 July 1940 contains the Wheat and Flour (Duties of Customs Variation) (No. 2) Order, 1940, which provides that, as from 20 July 1940, the duty on wheat imported into Cyprus (Item 116 of the Cyprus Customs Tariff) is reduced from £2 5s. to 10s. per ton (Preferential tariff) and from £2 10s. to 15s. per ton (General tariff).

EXPORT PROHIBITIONS

Supplement No. 3 to the "Cyprus Gazette" of 22 July 1940 contains a copy of the Export of Goods Prohibition Order, 1940, dated 19 July 1940, the text of which is reproduced below :—

1. This Order may be cited as the Export of Goods Prohibition Order, 1940.

2. The export from the Colony of all goods is prohibited save under a licence granted by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies and subject to such terms and conditions as may be specified in such licence:

Provided that the goods specified in the Schedule hereto may be exported without a licence to destinations within the British Empire, Palestine and Egypt:

Provided further that nothing in this Order contained shall apply to any *bona fide* baggage (as defined in item 9 of the Second Schedule to the Customs Laws, 1936 to 1940) being the property of and accompanied by a passenger and proved to the satisfaction of the Comptroller of Customs and Inland Revenue to be for the personal use of such passenger.

3. The Prohibited Exports (Essential Goods) Orders, 1940,* are hereby revoked.

SCHEDULE

1. Asbestos.
2. Carobs, including the meal, seed and gum of carobs.
3. Chrome.
4. Copper and pyrites.
5. Cotton and waste.
6. Cumin.
7. Ferrous scrap.
8. Fruit (all descriptions).
9. Gypsum.
10. Linseed.
11. Manganese.
12. Non-ferrous scrap.
13. Silk.
14. Spirits.
15. Terra umbra.
16. Timber for His Majesty's Forces.
17. Wine.
18. Wool.

MALTA

CUSTOMS TARIFF MODIFICATIONS

The "Malta Government Gazette" of 30 July 1940 contains a copy of the Import and Export Duties (Amendment No. 4) Ordinance, 1940, which provides for the following revised Second Schedule (table of *ad valorem* duties) to the Maltese Customs Tariff.

* See the "Board of Trade Journal" of 12 September 1940 (page 176).

Customs Regulations and Tariff Changes—*Continued*

MALTA—*Continued*

SECOND SCHEDULE

	Empire Preferential Tariff	General Tariff
Articles of food and drink, animals, raw materials and articles mainly unmanufactured not enumerated in the First or Third Schedules...	10%	20%
Acids and alkalis	12%	26%
Arms and ammunition	24%	39%
Articles of gold, silver or platinum	24%	39%
Bags (empty)	Free	7%
Bicycles and parts thereof	12%	26%
Candles	12%	26%
Cocoa-butter	6%	7%
Confectionery and chocolate	24%	39%
Cotton waste	6%	7%
Cutlery (not including plated cutlery)...	12%	26%
Drugs, chemicals and apothecaries' wares ...	15%	25%
Dyes	12%	26%
Earthenware and chinaware	12%	26%
Electrical goods	12%	26%
Fruits preserved	20%	25%
Fur skins mainly unmanufactured, but excluding pieces and parts thereof, imported for making up into articles of apparel	6%	20%
Furniture and cabinet ware	24%	39%
Games, toys and sports goods	12%	26%
Glassware	12%	26%
Haberdashery	12%	26%
Hardware	12%	26%
Hemp and jute coarse cloth for the manufacture of bags	Free	26%
Hosiery	12%	26%
India-rubber goods	12%	26%
Instruments, scientific and surgical	12%	26%
Iron and steel manufactures (not elsewhere enumerated)	12%	26%
Jewellery and precious stones	24%	39%
Lace	24%	39%
Leather manufactures	12%	26%
Machines not enumerated elsewhere :—		
(i) Machines imported for industrial purposes and not being of a type suitable for household use	Free	7%
(ii) Printing machines	Free	7%
(iii) Engines—Electrical, steam (including boilers), oil, hot air and marine	Free	7%
(iv) Parts and accessories of the machines aforesaid necessary for their working and imported for the first installation of the machines, but not including structural works for staging, platforms and the like Provided that, in the case of machines and parts and accessories mentioned in sub-sections (i) and (iv) above, the Collector of Customs is satisfied that the machines are imported for industrial purposes and that the parts and accessories are imported for the first installation of the machines. The importer may be requested to sign a declaration to that effect binding himself not to dispose of the articles without the previous payment of the duty.	Free	7%
(v) Conveyors, that is, fixed mechanical devices designed for the purpose of moving material in a horizontal, inclined or vertical direction in an uninterrupted stream or in a succession of separate loads ...	Free	7%
(vi) Typewriters and adding machines	18%	23%
(vii) Cash registers, duplicating, numbering, dating and perforating machines and weighing machines, including automatic cloth measuring machines. Sewing and knitting machines being of a type suitable for household use...	6%	13%
(viii) Other machines	12%	26%
(ix) Parts and accessories of the machines aforesaid, other than those provided for under sub-section (iv) above, and structural works for staging, platforms and the like	12%	26%
(x) Self-contained air conditioning machines comprising elements for cooling, control of humidity, cleaning and circulating of air ...	12%	17%
Marble :—		
(i) In blocks or slabs, even if polished, but not further manufactured	7%	13%
(ii) Other	12%	26%
Mirrors, framed and unframed	24%	39%
Motor vehicles :—		
Chassis of automobiles imported without bodies for industrial purposes (exclusive of parts) ...	12%	27%
Motor cycles and side-cars and motor tractors ...	18%	40%
Other motor vehicles	18%	33%
Provided that in the case of new or second-hand cars the minimum duty payable shall not be less than £18 per car from the British Empire and £33 per car of foreign origin		
Tyres and tubes for motor vehicles	18%	40%
Parts and accessories (except tyres and tubes) for motor vehicles	18%	39%
Musical instruments :—		
Pianos, pianolas, organs, harmoniums and gramophones	18%	32%
Other instruments	12%	26%
Oilcloth and floor cloth	12%	26%
Paints and colours	12%	26%
Perfumed spirits	18%	32%
Provided that if the duty payable on the liquid at the rate established for spirits is higher than the duty payable on the *ad valorem* basis then duty shall be levied at the higher rate		
Plated ware :—		
Rolled gold and gold, silver and platinum plated articles	24%	39%
Articles plated with other metals, but in which no gold, silver or platinum is used	18%	32%
Poultry, rabbits and game (live)	20%	20%
Soap (not elsewhere enumerated)	12%	26%
Stationery	12%	26%
Textiles in the piece	12%	26%
Threads and yarns :—		
(i) Woollen, cotton, silk and twists for sewing, knitting, embroidery and crochet	12%	26%
(ii) Cotton in hanks and wool in hanks or on bobbins or cones or in spools imported for weaving or for machine-knitting, invoiced as such, and supported by a declaration of the importer that it is imported for weaving or for machine-knitting only	Free	7%

Customs Regulations and Tariff Changes—*Continued*

	Empire Preferential Tariff	General Tariff
Tools :—		
Machine tools—exclusive of parts thereof	Free	7%
Other tools	12%	26%
Vegetables, preserved	15%	25%
Watch movements	24%	39%
Wireless sets and parts thereof	18%	23%
Woodwork, articles of, i.e. doors, windows, venetian blinds, venetian shutters, roller blinds, roll shutters and similar wares with or without ironwork and locks, wooden casing for electrical installations, round and square blocks, toilet seats, candlesticks, table and piano lamps, table legs, knobs and mouldings (without paste), deck-chairs three-ply seats in sets and ice chests ...	24%	39%
Other goods not enumerated above and not appearing in the First or Third Schedules	18%	32%

UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA

UNITED KINGDOM PURCHASE TAX

With reference to the arrangements which (as was announced in the House of Commons on 21 August 1940) have been made by the Governments of Canada, New Zealand, the Union of South Africa and Southern Rhodesia for the amount of the Purchase Tax to be disregarded in computing the value of imports from the United Kingdom for the purpose of assessment of duty, the following information has been received from H.M. Senior Trade Commissioner at Cape Town in regard to the procedure by exporters to the Union of South Africa.

In order to assist the Union Customs authorities, the following instructions on invoicing should be observed :—

(1) All invoices should show on the face of the invoice whether the declared domestic value does or does not include the Purchase Tax. If the tax is included details should then be stated separately to facilitate deduction for calculation of duty at Customs port of entry.

(2) Firms whose hitherto approved current domestic value rests upon the retail list price basis should advise the Union Commissioner of Customs through the High Commissioner for the Union of South Africa, South Africa House, Trafalgar Square, London, W.C.2, of the changes, if any, which they are making in respect of the value to wholesalers as a result of the institution of the Purchase Tax.

FOREIGN

BRAZIL

CONSULAR INVOICES

The Commercial Counsellor to H.M. Embassy at Rio de Janeiro reports that instructions have recently been issued to Customs inspectors by the Minister of Finance which are to be followed in cases where the lack of consular and/or commercial invoices is reported to them by the consignee.

By these instructions Customs inspectors are authorised to deal with such cases and discharge the obligation to submit the documents if, in their opinion, the failure to produce them is due to *force majeure* resulting from the war.

A translation of the instructions may be seen by persons interested at the Department of Overseas Trade, 2, Queen Anne's Gate Buildings, Dartmouth Street, London, S.W.1.

COSTA RICA

SALT MONOPOLY

H.M. Representative at San Jose reports that Congressional Decree No. 242 of 13 August 1940 provides that sodium chloride (clorure de sodio) or common salt may be exploited by persons or enterprises authorised by the Executive Power only, and that the importation of salt into Costa Rica is prohibited except by the State.

GUATEMALA

CUSTOMS TARIFF MODIFICATIONS

H.M. Minister at Guatemala has reported that a Decree No. 2419, dated 16 August, has created new items in the Guatemalan Customs Tariff to include naphthols in unspecified containers, unspecified fabrics of unbleached cotton and crimpers of all sorts and articles for waving the hair, of whatever material. Tariff No. 466-1-6-3 (Hosiery fabrics of cotton for curtains) has been cancelled, and the

Customs Regulations and Tariff Changes—*Continued*

GUATAMALA—*Continued*

Customs duties on unspecified paint and pencil brushes, certain painters' flat brushes of bristle, string or unspecified fibres, and gold, pure or mixed, for dental fillings have been modified. Several Tariff notes have been amended, including those referring to motor cars and their accessories.

Particulars of the above-mentioned modifications may be obtained by persons interested from the Department of Overseas Trade, 2, Queen Anne's Gate Buildings, Dartmouth Street, London, S.W.1.

NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES

INCREASED IMPORT DUTY ON BEER

H.M. Consul-General at Batavia has forwarded a translation of the Netherlands East Indies Statute No. 270 of 1940, which increases the surtax on beer (Tariff item 113) from 50 to 80 per cent. of the Customs duty.

Exhibitions and Fairs

FORTHCOMING FAIRS

NEW YORK WORLD'S FAIR, 1940, NEW YORK—
11 May-27 October. British Pavilion (United Kingdom Section), organised by Department of Overseas Trade, 2, Queen Anne's Gate Buildings, Dartmouth Street, London, S.W.1.

INDUSTRIES FAIR, SAO PAULO—
November. Apply to Sao Paulo Federation of Industries.

WINTER EXHIBITION, ZAGREB—
30 November-2 December. Apply to Zagrebacki Zbor, Zagreb, Yugoslavia.

TRADE FAIR, HANOI, INDO-CHINA—
December 1940-January 1941. Apply to Comité de la Foire, 106, Rue Jules-Ferry (Chambre de Commerce), Hanoi.

Statutory and Other Government Notices

GENERAL SECTION

CINEMATOGRAPH FILMS ACT, 1938

FILMS REGISTERED IN THE WEEK ENDED 15 OCTOBER 1940

Title of Film	Registered in the name of	Maker's name	Length (feet)	Registered No.	Date of registration
		BRITISH			
Old Mother Riley in Business	Anglo-American Film Corpn., Ltd.	British National Films Ltd. ...	6,378	Br./R. 3492	15 Oct.
Pathe Pictorial Nos. 222/234 : *Pathe Pictorial No. 234* ...	Pathe Pictures, Ltd.	Pathe Pictures, Ltd.	855	Br./R. 3493	15 Oct.
		FOREIGN			
God Gave Him A Dog ...	Paramount Film Service Ltd....	Paramount Pictures Inc. ...	7,266	F. 3485	9 Oct.
I Want A Divorce	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	8,362	F. 3486	9 Oct.
Atlantic Patrol	Ditto .	Ditto ...	902	F. 3487	9 Oct.
Doing Impossible Stunts ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	655	F. 3488	9 Oct.
Fulla Bluff Man	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	560	F. 3489	10 Oct.
Life With Henry	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	6,735	F. 3490	15 Oct.
Fightin' Pals	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	652	F. 3491	15 Oct.
Way Back When A Razzberry was A Fruit.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	568	F. 3494	15 Oct.
Mystery Sea Raider	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	7,026	F. 3495	15 Oct.

Br./R. indicates "for the exhibitors' and renters' quotas."

POSTAL SECTION

LOSS OF MAIL FROM THE UNITED STATES

The Postmaster-General regrets to announce that some of the mails containing letters and parcels for the United Kingdom posted in the United States of America during the fourth week of August have been lost through enemy action.

"PERSONAL" PARCELS TO PRISONERS OF WAR

The arrangements for the dispatch of "Personal" parcels to prisoners of war interned in enemy territory, which were suspended last July, have now been restored.

Under these arrangements the next of kin of a prisoner will be allowed to dispatch a parcel once every three months. Each parcel must bear a special label, which will be issued by the British Red Cross Society and Order of St. John of Jerusalem, 14, Finsbury Circus, London, E.C.2; otherwise it will not be accepted for transmission at a post office.

Full particulars of the arrangements are given in a Post Office leaflet, No. P.2280E, which contains the general regulations for communication with prisoners of war interned abroad. Copies of this leaflet may be obtained at any Head Post Office. Copies will also be sent by the British Red Cross Society to the next of kin.

It should be noted that the British Red Cross Society is preparing complete lists of prisoners of war and their next of kin, and special labels for use on "Personal" parcels will be issued to all concerned as soon as possible. As these will have to be issued in rotation, some time may elapse before all the labels are issued. In the meantime, next of kin are asked to refrain from applying for the labels, but if they have recently changed their addresses they should notify particulars of the change to the British Red Cross Society at the address given above.

CHRISTMAS MAILS FOR OVERSEA

The Postmaster-General announces that, owing to war conditions, it is impracticable to publish a statement of the latest dates of posting for Christmas mails to places abroad. Letters, printed papers and parcels intended for delivery by Christmas should be posted at much earlier dates than in previous years.

Openings for British Trade

BRITISH EMPIRE

AUSTRALIA

GLASSWARE, CRYSTAL HAND-CUT AND PRESSED, EARTHENWARE DINNERWARE AND GENERAL DOMESTIC, MEDIUM-GRADE POTTERY AND ART-WARE.—A firm of agents established at Melbourne wishes to obtain the representation of United Kingdom manufacturers of the above for Australia. (Ref. No. 514.)

PIECE-GOODS, SOFT FURNISHINGS AND FANCY GOODS.—A firm of agents established at Melbourne wishes to obtain the representation, on a purchasing or consignment basis, of United Kingdom manufacturers of the above. (Ref. No. 515.)

TENDERS INVITED

STEAM TURBO-ALTERNATOR SET.—With reference to the notice in the "Board of Trade Journal" of 11 July (page 38), relating to the call of tenders by the Sydney County Council for the supply and delivery of one 50,000 k.w. steam turbo-alternator set for Bunnerong Power Station, H.M. Senior Trade Commissioner at Sydney now reports that the closing date for the receipt of tenders has been extended from 24 October 1940 to 9 January 1941. (Ref. T. 16057/40.)

TELEPHONE EQUIPMENT.—H.M. Senior Trade Commissioner at Sydney reports that the Posts and Telegraphs Department is calling for tenders (Contract No. C.2911) for the supply and delivery of switchboard keys.

Tenders, endorsed "Tender for the Supply of Keys, Switchboard, Schedule C.2911," should be addressed to the Deputy Director, Posts and Telegraphs, Melbourne. C.1, by whom they will be received up to 3 p.m. on 5 November 1940. (Ref. T. 22242/40.)

BRITISH INDIA

RAZORS AND RAZOR BLADES; HAIR CLIPPERS; SCISSORS; TOOTH AND SHAVING BRUSHES; COMBS; SHAVING SOAP; MOULDED ARTICLES; GLASS BOTTLES; ENAMELLED-WARE; EARTHENWARE; CHINA AND GLASSWARE; PAPER AND PAPER ARTICLES.—A firm of agents established at Bombay wishes to obtain the representation, on a commission or consignment basis, of United Kingdom manufacturers of the above for Bombay. (Ref. No. 516.)

CANADA

FOODSTUFFS, DRUGS AND PROPRIETARY LINES.—A firm of agents established at Toronto and Montreal wishes to obtain the representation of United Kingdom manufacturers of the above for Quebec and Ontario. (Ref. No. 517.)

CYPRUS

FULL-FASHIONED SILK HOSE.—A well-established agent at Nicosia wishes to obtain the representation, on a commission basis, of United Kingdom manufacturers of the above for Cyprus. (Ref. No. 518.)

NEW ZEALAND

TENDERS INVITED

SUPPLIES REQUIRED BY THE POST AND TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.—H.M. Trade Commissioner at Wellington reports that the Post and Telegraph Department is callings for tenders (quotation forms Nos. 151/666, 151/675 and 151/681) for the supply and delivery of 3,000 sack elements, etc., 4,000 yards of flexible cords and 3,000 transmitters, the closing dates for the receipt of tenders, which are to be presented in New Zealand, being 25 October, 15 November and 12 November 1940 respectively.

Firms desirous of offering goods of United Kingdom manufacture can obtain further details of these openings on application to the Department of Overseas Trade, Great George Street, London, S.W.1. (Ref. T.Y. 22236/40.)

THREE TONS OF SOLDER.—H.M. Trade Commissioner at Wellington reports that the Post and Telegraph Department is calling for tenders, to be presented in Wellington by 12 noon on Thursday, 24 October 1940, for the supply and delivery of three tons of solder.

A copy of the specifications and general conditions of tender can be inspected on application to the Department of Overseas Trade, New Public Offices, Great George Street, London, S.W.1. (Ref. 22230/40.)

TRANSFORMERS.—H.M. Trade Commissioner at Wellington reports that the Public Works Department is calling for tenders (Contract No. 665) for the supply and delivery of two 3,000 k.v.a., 11 k.v., 3 phase, 50-cycle outdoor-type voltage-regulating transformers and control equipment for the Matamata and Edgecombe substations.

Tenders, endorsed "Tender for 3,000 k.v.a. Voltage-Regulating Transformers," should be addressed to the Secretary, Public Works Supplies and Tenders Committee, Government Buildings, Wellington, by whom they will be received up to 4 p.m. on 14 January 1941. (Ref. T. 22238/40.)

PALESTINE

COTTON AND WOOLLEN PIECE-GOODS.—An agent established at Haifa wishes to obtain the representation, on a commission basis, of United Kingdom manufacturers of woollen,

fancy and Imperial suitings, worsteds, flannels, black and blue serges, trouserings, etc. cotton goods such as poplins, pyjama cloth satins, linings, etc. (Ref. No. 519.)

SOUTH AFRICA

FULLY-CHROMED LEATHERS, GUNNIES, LADIES' HANDBAGS, COTTON YARNS, TILES, SCREWS, HESSIAN, PAPER, DOMESTIC HARDWARE, NAILS AND CHEMICALS.—An agent established at Durban wishes to obtain the representation of United Kingdom manufacturers of the above. (Ref. No. 520.)

METAL BOTTLE CAPSULES, GLASSWARE FOR PACKING PURPOSES, GLASS BOTTLES AND TRANSPARENT PAPER CONTAINERS.—A firm of agents established at Johannesburg wishes to obtain the representation, on a commission basis, of United Kingdom manufacturers of the above for the Union of South Africa. (Ref. No. 521.)

TWEEDS, YARN, DYED WORSTEDS, OVERCOATINGS, LININGS AND TRIMMINGS, MEN'S WEAR GENERALLY AND MANCHESTER GOODS.—An agent established at Johannesburg wishes to obtain the representation of United Kingdom manufacturers of the above. (Ref. No. 522.)

TENDERS INVITED

ROAD-MAKING PLANT.—H.M. Senior Trade Commissioner at Cape Town reports that the Orange Free State Tender Board is calling for tenders (Contract No. 3 of 1940/41) for the supply and delivery of roadmaking machinery, including motor trucks, mechanical shovel, road rippers, pumps, drilling machines, presses, air compressors, guillotine, tractors, to the Roads Branch of the Orange Free State, Provincial Administration.

Tenders, endorsed "Tender No. 3 of 1940/41 for Road Plant," should be addressed to the Chairman, O.F.S. Tender Board, Government Buildings, P.O. Box 521, Bloemfontein, by whom they will be received up to 12 noon on 30 October 1940. (Ref. T. 21991/40.)

WEARING APPAREL.—H.M. Trade Commissioner at Johannesburg reports that the Union Tender and Supplies Board, Pretoria, is calling for tenders (Tender No. S.O. 153) for the supply and delivery of the following items of wearing apparel :—

For Men :

Leather belts, braces, caps, hats, handkerchiefs, jackets, socks, stockings, suits, ties, underwear, mackintoshes, waterproof overalls, waterproof capes, overall leggings, waterproof trousers, oilskin suits, etc.

For Women :

Berets, blazers, underwear, bonnets, caps, capes, waterproof coats, docks, cotton dresses, nightgowns, operating gowns, handkerchiefs, hats, hose, overalls, socks, sweaters, white drill uniforms, etc.

Tenders, endorsed "Formal Tender No. S.O. 153," and accompanied by samples, should be addressed to the Secretary, Union Tender and Supplies Board, 271, Visagie Street, P.O. Box 371, Pretoria, by whom they will be received up to 9 a.m. on Thursday, 4 November 1940.

A copy of the specifications and general conditions of tender is available for inspection at the Office of the High Commissioner for South Africa in London, South Africa House, Trafalgar Square, London, W.C.2. (Ref. T. 22289/40.)

EUROPE

SPAIN

RAW MATERIALS, CHEMICALS, VITREOUS ENAMELS, STAINLESS STEEL, ETC.—An agent established at Madrid wishes to obtain the representation of United Kingdom exporters of balsam; agar-agar; bacteriologic peptone; menthol; trilnactic acid; methylic alcohol; vitreous enamels; stainless steel filament for electric lamps; rennet. (Ref. No. 523.)

ASIA

NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES

PAINTS, VARNISHES, HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES, ELECTRICAL AND MINING SUPPLIES, LAMPS, COAL-TAR AND LUBRICATING OILS.—A firm of agents established at Soekaboemi wishes to obtain the representation of United Kingdom manufacturers of the above. (Ref. No. 524.)

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

LEATHER GOODS, CLOTHING FABRICS, TOP COATS.—An agent established at Los Angeles wishes to obtain the representation, on a commission basis, of United Kingdom manufacturers of the above for the Pacific Coast States and Colorado. (Ref. No. 525.)

LATIN AMERICA

ARGENTINA

MEDICINAL HERBS, DRUGS, PAPER FILTERS, SPICES, CHAMOIS LEATHER, HARDWARE, TRAGACANTH, BUCKLES, ETC.—An agent established at Buenos Aires wishes to obtain the representation, on a commission basis, of United Kingdom manufacturers of the above. (Ref. No. 526.)

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